



AQUARION
Water Company

Stewards of the Environment™

2020 Water Quality Report

Berkshire Corporate Park System,
Bethel

Water: It's Too Precious
To Waste.



Berkshire Corporate Park System, Bethel Water Quality Table

Your water has been tested for more than 100 compounds that are important to public health. The maximum number of compounds detected was 14, all of which were below the amounts allowed by state and

federal law. Most of these compounds are naturally occurring. Monitoring frequency varies from daily to once every nine years per EPA regulation, depending on the parameter. Our testing encompasses the

full range of regulated inorganic, organic and radiological compounds, and microbiological and physical parameters. Results shown below are for detected compounds only.

Highest Allowed by Law				Berkshire Corporate Park System Detected Level		
Substance (Units of Measure)	MCLG	MCL	Compliance	Test Date	Average	Range
Inorganic Compounds						
Barium (ppm)	2	2	YES	2020	0.012 ⁺	0.011 – 0.012
Copper (ppm)	1.3	AL = 1.3	YES	2020	0.19 [*]	
Fluoride (ppm)	4.0	4.0	YES	2020	0.84 ⁺	0.59 – 0.84
Lead (ppb)	0	AL = 15	YES	2020	ND < 1 ^{**}	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	YES	2020	0.33 ⁺	0.24 – 0.33
Microbials						
Turbidity (NTU)	NA	TT = 1 max	YES	2020	0.23 ⁺	0.05 – 0.23
Turbidity (NTU)	NA	TT = 95% of samples < 0.3	YES	2020		100%
Disinfectant						
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDLG 4	MRDL 4	YES	2020	0.43	ND < 0.05 – 0.86
Organic Compounds						
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	NA	80	YES	2020	48	28 – 82
Total Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	NA	60	YES	2020	14	10 – 19
State-Required Testing						
Physical Characteristics[^]						
Color (CU)	NA	15	YES	2020	1	0 – 2
pH	NA	6.4 – 10.0	YES	2020	7.6	7.3 – 8.5
Turbidity (NTU)	NA	5	YES	2020	0.08	0.05 – 0.15
Inorganic Compounds						
Chloride (ppm)	NA	250	YES	2020	64.8 ⁺	52.6 – 64.8
Sodium (ppm)	NA	NL = 28	NA	2020	36.8 ⁺	29.3 – 36.8
Sulfate (ppm)	NA	SMCL = 250	NA	2020	36.8 ⁺	27.2 – 36.8

(See footnotes and definitions on page 3)

Footnotes and Definitions for water quality table on previous page

<	Less than	ppb	parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/L)
AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.	ppm	parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
CU	Color Units	+	Highest level detected.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.	*	90th percentile value in copper monitoring. Result is representative of customers sampling stagnant water. No locations exceeded the action level for copper.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.	**	90th percentile value in lead monitoring. Result is representative of customer sampling stagnant water. No locations exceeded the action level for lead.
NA	Not Applicable	^	Measured at representative locations within the distribution system.
ND	Not Detected		
NL	State of Connecticut customer notification level		
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units: A measure of the presence of particles. Low turbidity is an indicator of high-quality water.		

HEALTH EFFECTS

Sodium: If you have been placed on a sodium-restricted diet, please inform your physician that our water may contain as much as 36.8 ppm of sodium.

Understanding Your Water Quality Table

Barium:	Erosion of natural deposits.	Color:	Natural organic matter such as decaying leaves; naturally occurring iron and manganese.
Copper:	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.	pH:	Naturally occurring; water treatment processes.
Fluoride:	Erosion of natural deposits.	Turbidity:	Sediment particles; naturally occurring iron and manganese; soil runoff.
Lead:	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.	Chloride:	Naturally present in the environment.
Nitrate:	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.	Sodium:	Water treatment processes; use of road salt; naturally present in the environment.
Chlorine:	Water additive used to control microbes.	Sulfate:	Naturally present in the environment.
Total Trihalomethanes:	By-product of drinking water chlorination.		
Total Haloacetic Acids:	By-product of drinking water chlorination.		

Questions About Your Water Quality Report?

Customers who have questions about water quality should call us at **800-832-2373**. Customers also may email us at www.waterquality@aquarionwater.com, or visit www.aquarionwater.com.

For other questions, or to report discolored water/service problems, or if you would like to participate in a public meeting, call **800-732-9678**.

Connecticut Department of Public Health Drinking Water Section: **860-509-7333** or www.ct.gov/dph

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline: **800-426-4791** or www.epa.gov/safewater